



GROWTH POWERED BY SHOP

RBC
October 2026



LEADERSHIP

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PAM KESSLER	Co-President and Co-CEO
CLINT MALIN	Co-President and Co-CEO
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DAVID BOITANO	EVP, Chief Investment Officer
GIBSON SATTERWHITE	EVP, Asset Management
MIKE BOWDEN	SVP, Investments
MANDI HOGAN	SVP, Marketing

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JAMES FELDMAN	Wells Fargo Securities, LLC

Any opinions, estimates, or forecasts regarding LTC's performance made by the analysts listed above do not represent the opinions, estimates, and forecasts of LTC or its management.

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CONTACT INFORMATION

LTC PROPERTIES, INC.

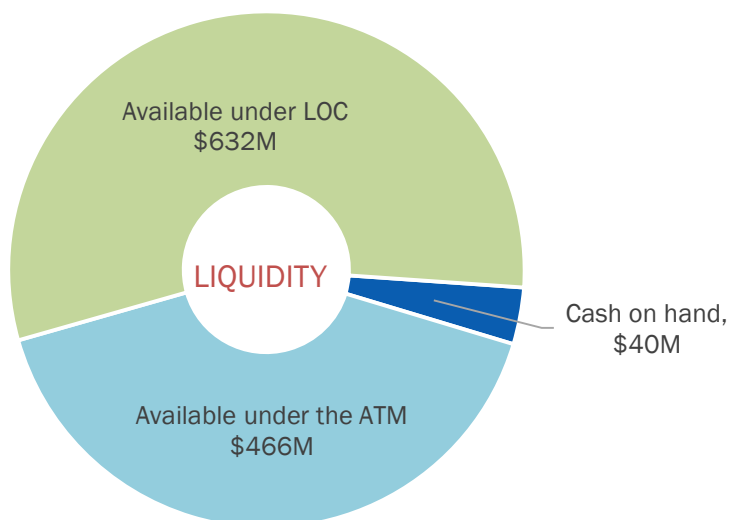
3011 Townsgate Road,
Suite 220
Westlake Village, CA 91361
805-981-8655
www.LTCreit.com

TRANSFER AGENT

Broadridge Shareholder Services
c/o Broadridge Corporate Issuer
Solutions
1155 Long Island Avenue
Edgewood, NY 11717-8309
ATTN: IWS
866-708-5586

LTC is a real estate investment trust (REIT) focused on seniors housing and health care properties, principally investing through SHOP, triple-net leases, joint ventures, and structured finance solutions. The Company's portfolio includes over 160 properties throughout the United States. Based on gross real estate investments, nearly 80% of the Company's assets are seniors housing communities with the remainder skilled nursing centers. Learn more at www.ltcreit.com.

Proforma Total Liquidity at June 30, 2026 **\$1.1 billion**



AS OF JUNE 30, 2026

Established 1992	NYSE: LTC
Investment Grade ⁽¹⁾	NAIC 2C rating
Proforma Dividend Yield ⁽²⁾	5.3%
Proforma Market Value ⁽²⁾	\$2.4B
Proforma Enterprise Value ⁽²⁾	\$3.2B
Proforma Debt to Enterprise Value ⁽²⁾	26.0%
Proforma Debt to Annualized Adjusted EBITDAre	4.2x

¹ Insurance industry's rating agency for debt investments

² Closing stock price of \$43.36 on September 24, 2026. Dividend is paid monthly.

SHOP SPOTLIGHT AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2026



9 years

Average Age

\$1.1 Billion

SHOP Acquisitions Since
May 2025

22% NOI Growth

In 2025 over 2024
proforma NOI for the
original 13 property SHOP
conversions

~14%

Projected 2026 NOI
Growth for the 27 Core
SHOP properties as of
2Q26

13 Operators

11 New to LTC

46 Properties

In 18 states

49%

SHOP as a % of Gross
Investments
Up from 0% in May 2025

49%

Projected SHOP as a
percent of NOI at the end
of 2026

”

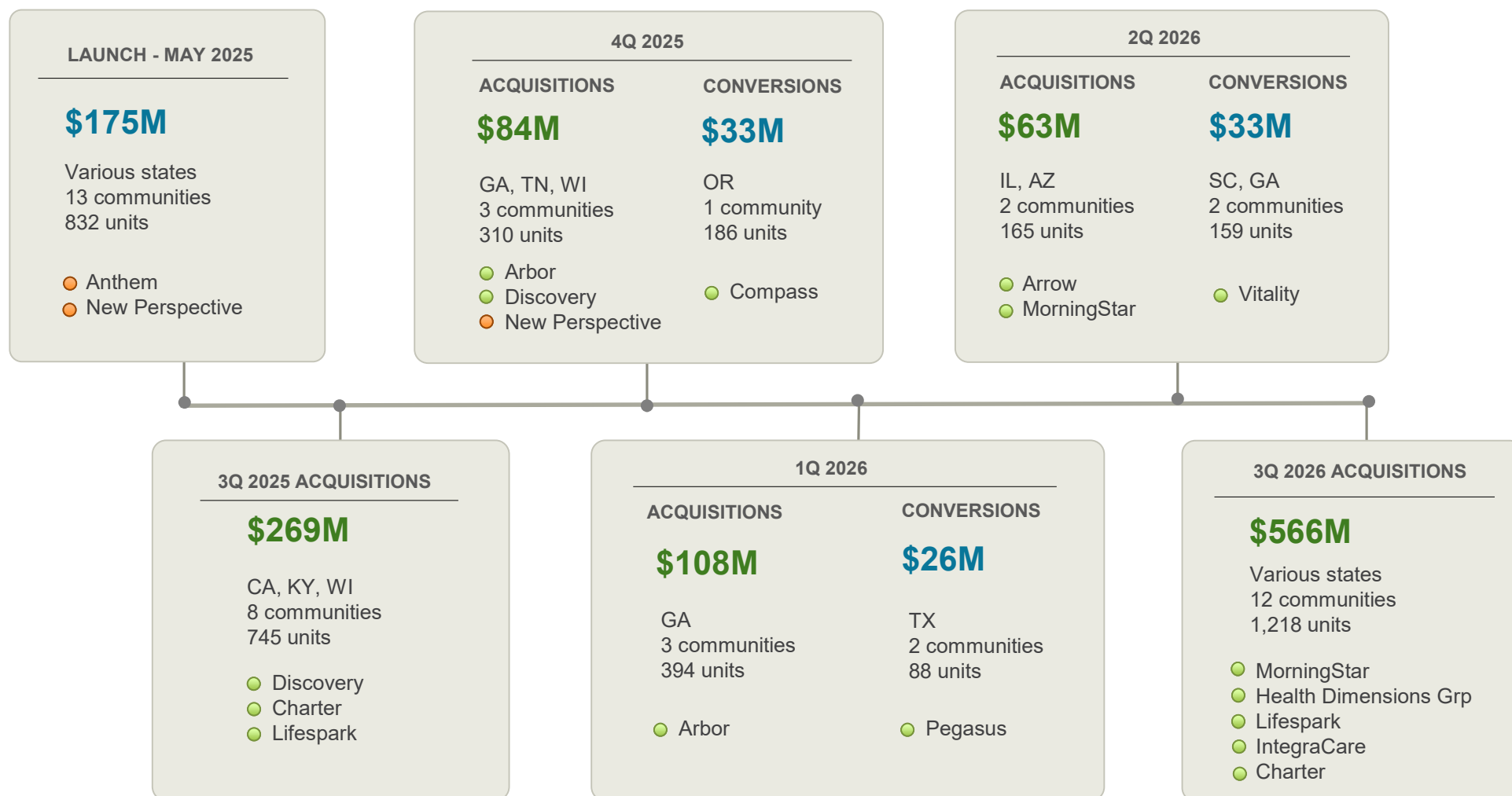
“Since launching SHOP, we have moved quickly to build scale, broaden our operator base, and expand our presence in markets with compelling long-term demand drivers. These acquisitions accelerate our momentum, while the sale of non-SHOP assets highlights our commitment to actively managing our portfolio and reallocating capital into opportunities with greater growth potential.”

Dave Boitano
EVP, CIO

From launch in May 2025 to 46 communities ~ \$1.1B of acquisitions

13 Operators (11 new to LTC)

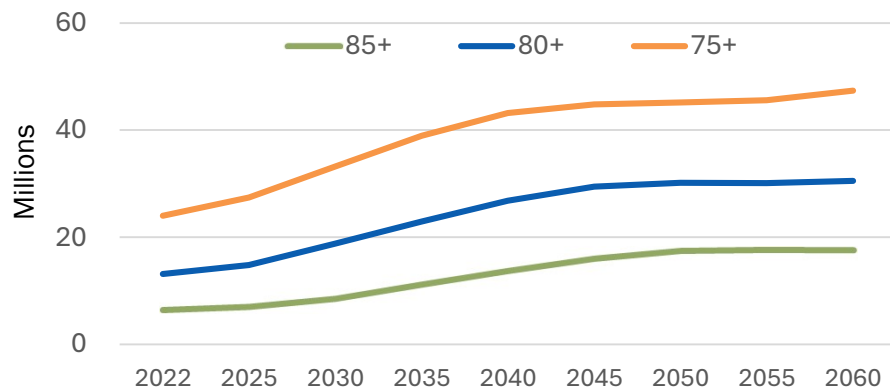
● New ● Existing



WHY SENIORS HOUSING NOW? FAVORABLE FUNDAMENTALS ARE TOO STRONG TO IGNORE

DEMOGRAPHICS DRIVE DEMAND⁽¹⁾

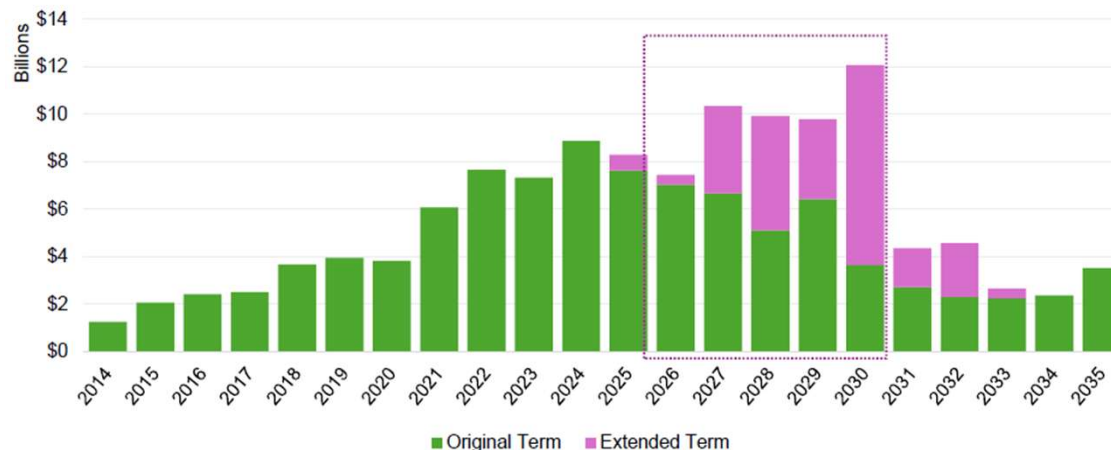
U.S. Senior Population Growth Projections by Age Bracket



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division. "Projected Population by Age Group and Sex for the United States, Main Series: 2022 - 2100." November 2023

SECTOR SEEING MEANINGFUL LOAN EXTENSIONS IN COMING YEARS⁽²⁾

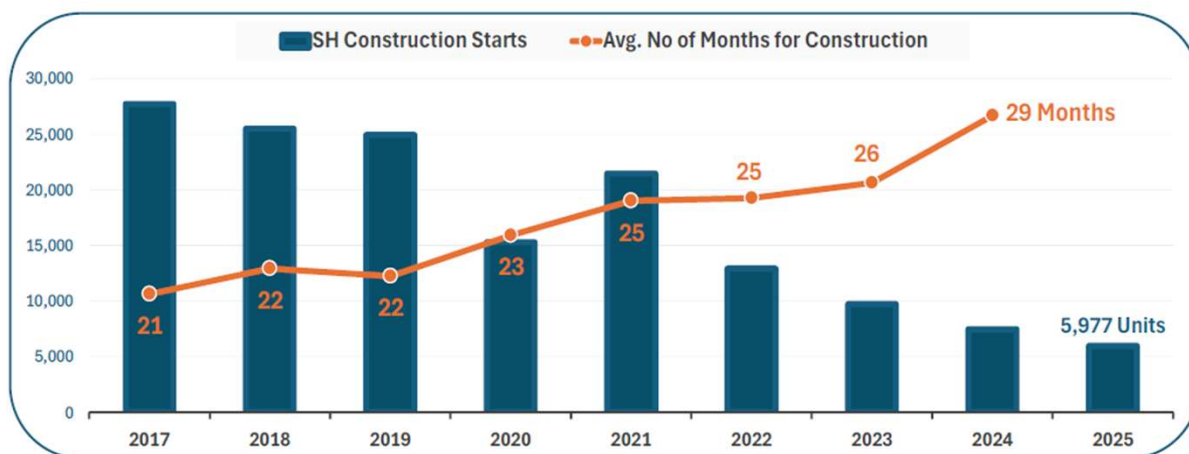
Senior Living Loan Maturities by Original Loan Maturities U.S. | 2020-2035 Projections



Source: NIC Quarterly Update for Volunteer Leaders & Partners, September 25, 2026

RECORD LOW CONSTRUCTION STARTS and LONGER DEVELOPMENT TIMELINES⁽³⁾

Senior Housing Construction Starts vs. Avg. Construction Duration (in months) | Primary Markets



Source: NIC The Credit & Investment Outlook for Senior Housing, March 11, 2026

- (1) Demographics and relatively low supply drives occupancy highs and above average rate growth. Demand now exceeds new supply.
- (2) Years 2026 through 2030 represent acquisition opportunities as owners look to monetize ahead of loan maturities.
- (3) Construction starts are at historical lows.

”

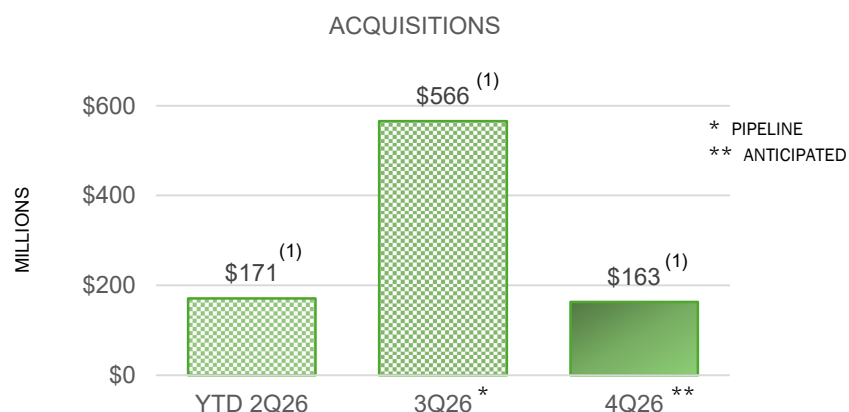
“The excitement and momentum of our SHOP strategy continues, and our transformation is well ahead of previous projections. With an expansion of our credit facility to \$1 billion and a projected \$730 million of capital being recycled from loan payoffs and lower growth triple net investments into SHOP in 2026, we have enhanced LTC’s long-term ability to organically grow core FFO and FAD per share above historical rates.”

Pam Kessler
Co-CEO



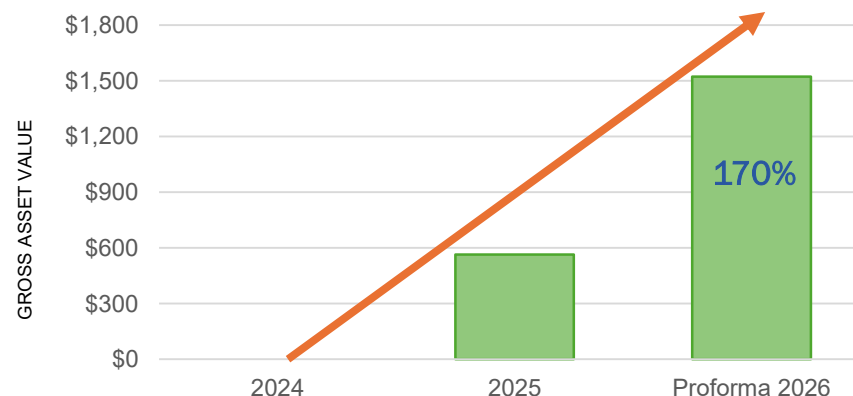
Lifespark | Appleton, WI

2026 SHOP INVESTMENT GUIDANCE - \$900M MIDPOINT (~\$700M - \$1.1B)



(1) Average age of nine (9) years, with 80% located in primary markets as designated by NIC. Average number of units is approximately 110 units, with 55% offering a continuum of care spanning IL, AL and memory care

SHOP GROWTH EXPECTATIONS



Proforma 2026 assumes \$900M in SHOP investments (mid-point) and \$59M in SHOP conversions

2026 SHOP CONVERSIONS (\$59M)

- \$26M completed in 1Q26
- \$33M completed in 2Q26
- Two SHOP operators new to LTC

EXPECTED CAPITAL SOURCE: \$1.3B available as of September 30, 2026

- ~ \$730M proceeds from property sales and loan prepayments, of which \$550M was received through September 2026 and the remaining \$180M expected in 4Q26
- \$466M available under our new ATM. Raised \$232M net proceeds from sales under our prior \$400M ATM and current \$500M ATM during YTD 2026
- \$900M under our revolving line of credit, with \$632 available for borrowing

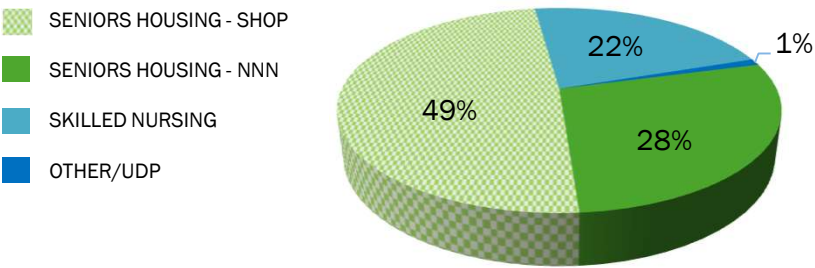
ASSET TYPE TRANSFORMATION: 2024 - PROFORMA 2026

- NOI from Seniors Housing increases from 43% to 77%
- NOI from Skilled Nursing decreases from 57% to 22%

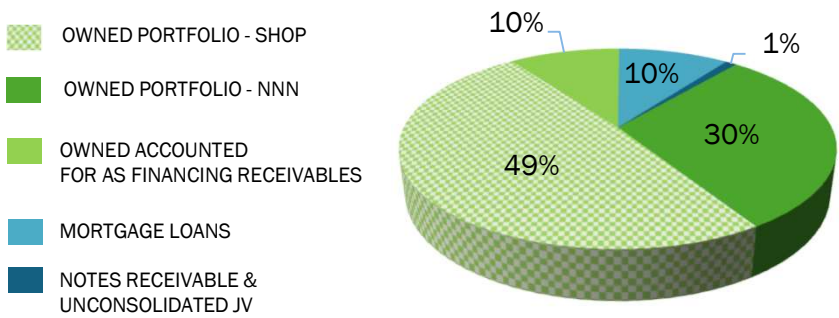
INVESTMENT TYPE TRANSFORMATION: 2024 - PROFORMA 2026

- NOI from Owned investments increases from 76% to 89%
- NOI from Mortgage Loan investments decreases from 20% to 10%

2026 PROFORMA ANNUALIZED NOI BY ASSET TYPE

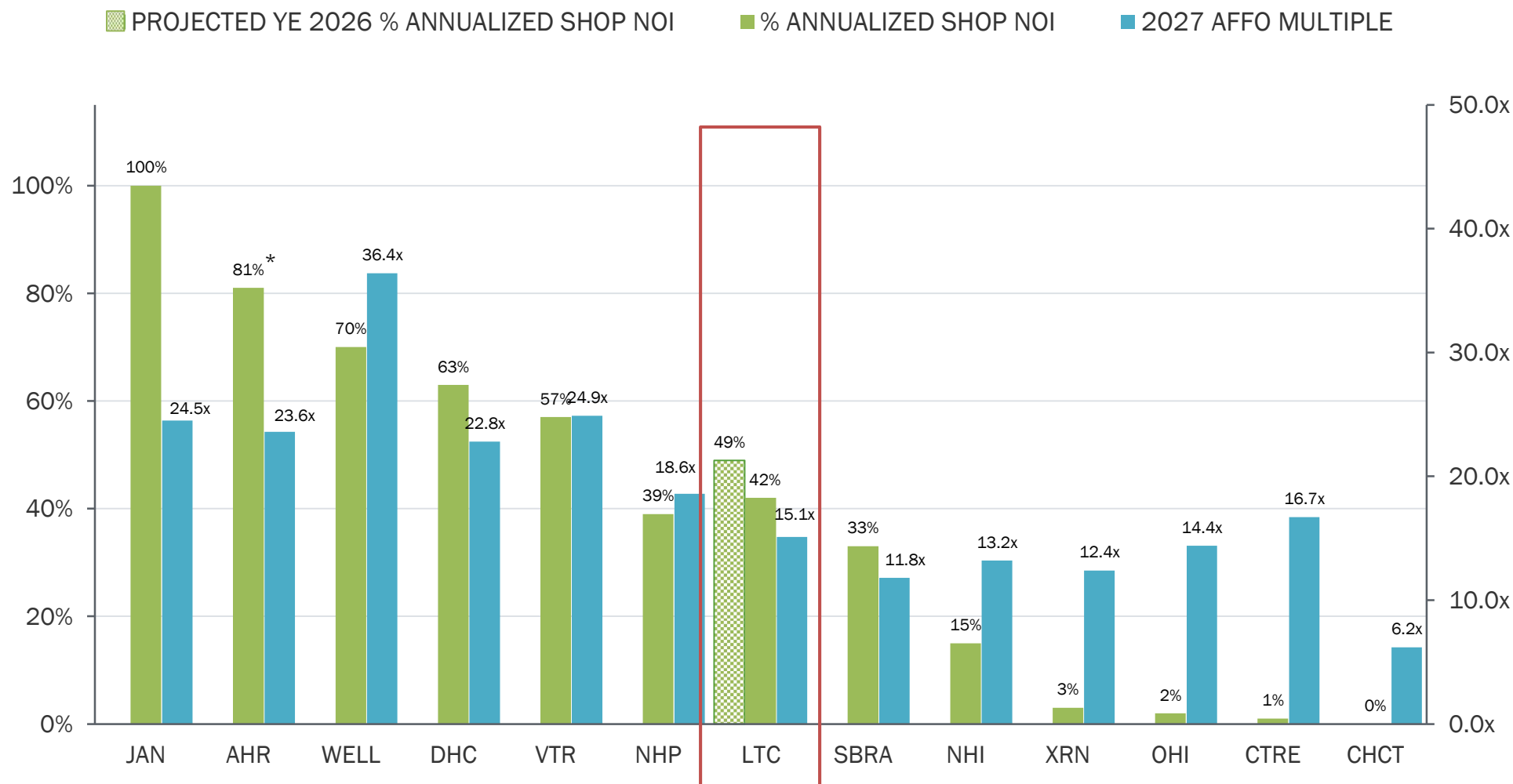


2026 PROFORMA ANNUALIZED NOI BY INVESTMENT TYPE



COMPELLING VALUE

HIGH SHOP CONCENTRATION YET AMONGST LOWEST 2026 AFFO MULTIPLE



Source: S&P Capital IQ using consensus as of September 24, 2026 with stock prices at September 24, 2026, the listed REITs' 2Q26 Supplemental Information and LTC's proforma June 30, 2026 annualized SHOP NOI

* AHR – Represents SHOP NOI of 22% and Integrated Senior Health Campuses ("ISHC") NOI of 59%. AHR defines ISHC as a range of senior care, including IL, AL, MC, SNF and certain ancillary businesses.

Appendix A

Full year

Diluted earnings per common share	\$8.08 to \$8.10
Diluted Core FFO per share	\$2.76 to \$2.78
Diluted Core FAD per share	\$2.83 to \$ 2.85

Assumptions:

- Gross investments estimates increased by \$300.0 million at the mid-point, to a range of \$700.0 million to \$1.1 billion, from \$400.0 million to \$800.0 million. Gross investments include transactions closed to date, or expected to close in 3Q26
- Asset sales and loan payoffs projections increased by \$464.1 million, to \$730.0 million, including \$550.0 million of sales and payoffs through end of September 2026, with an anticipated gain on sale of over \$330.0 million, of which \$7.6 million has been recognized through June 30, 2026;
- SHOP NOI, inclusive of expected net investments, in the range of \$71.2 million to \$79.9 million, an increase from \$65.1 million to \$77.2 million. See Core SHOP guidance on page 13 for further discussion.
- SHOP FAD capital expenditures in the range of \$4.0 million to \$4.4 million, or approximately \$1,500 per unit annually;
- General and administrative costs in the range of \$31.7 million to \$33.9 million; and
- Adjustments to Core FFO and Core FAD include the following:
 - One-time exit IRR income that we received in connection with the sale of three skilled nursing centers accounted for as a Financing receivable on our *Consolidated Balance Sheets*. See the reconciliation of non-core adjustments;
 - Transaction costs in the range of \$3.1 million to \$3.5 million for the full year; and
 - Recovery of provision for credit losses related to loan payoffs, including the \$765,000 provision for credit losses recovery included on the reconciliation of non-core adjustments.

SHOP PERFORMANCE AND GUIDANCE

(AS OF JUNE 30, 2026, DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT REVPOR AND EXPOR)



CORE SHOP PORTFOLIO

- Represents 27 properties (2,281 units) that include initial conversions (13) and acquired SHOP properties (14) through 1Q26; excludes value-add conversions and additional acquisitions.

CORE SHOP PORTFOLIO GUIDANCE

2026 PROJECTED NOI Low High
 \$53.5M \$56.5M

- Narrowed guidance and maintained midpoint:
 - NOI growth: ~14% over 2025 proforma NOI
 - Occupancy growth: ~70 basis points from 2025 proforma average occupancy ~89.7%
 - Projected increases: REVPOR ~5.5%; EXPOR ~3.0%
 - 2025 proforma NOI and occupancy include results reported under prior owners; adjusted for current management fee structure
- 2026 Total SHOP Capex Guidance:
 - FAD: \$4.0M to \$4.4M, or ~\$1,500 per unit annually
 - Non-FAD: \$12.9M (increase from \$10M); \$4.2M announced for initial conversions; \$6.8M underwritten for acquired SHOP properties through the end of July 2026; \$1.9M for value-add conversions for five (5) properties

TOTAL SHOP PERFORMANCE

	2Q25	3Q25	4Q25	1Q26	2Q26
Properties, at end of quarter	13	21	25	30	34
Units, at end of quarter	832	1,577	2,073	2,555	2,879
Average units available	501	899	1,766	2,450	2,799
Average unit occupancy	80.7%	86.5%	89.3%	85.9%	86.1%
Total revenues	\$ 11,950	\$ 22,203	\$ 37,963	\$ 49,585	\$ 56,132
Operating expenses	9,419	17,362	27,306	36,889	42,208
NOI	\$ 2,531	\$ 4,841	\$ 10,657	\$ 12,696	\$ 13,924
NOI margin	21.2%	21.8%	28.1%	25.6%	24.8%
REVPOR	\$ 9,855	\$ 9,518	\$ 8,022	\$ 7,850	\$ 7,765
EXPOR	\$ 7,768	\$ 7,443	\$ 5,770	\$ 5,840	\$ 5,839

CORE SHOP PORTFOLIO PERFORMANCE

	1Q26	2Q26
Properties, at end of quarter	27	27
Units, at end of quarter	2,281	2,281
Average units available	2,192	2,281
Average unit occupancy	89.4%	90.0%
Total revenues	\$ 47,042	\$ 49,491
Operating expenses	34,416	36,188
NOI	\$ 12,626	\$ 13,303
NOI margin	26.8%	26.9%
REVPOR	\$ 7,998	\$ 8,038
EXPOR	\$ 5,851	\$ 5,877

Three (3) properties, acquired in January 2026, had \$314 of additional proforma NOI and additional proforma revenue of \$1,732 for the period January 1st to the acquisition date, for a total proforma NOI of \$12,940 on total proforma revenue of \$48,774 for the 27 properties, for the period ending March 31, 2026. Proforma occupancy for the same period was 89.5%.

REAL ESTATE – INVESTMENTS

(DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)



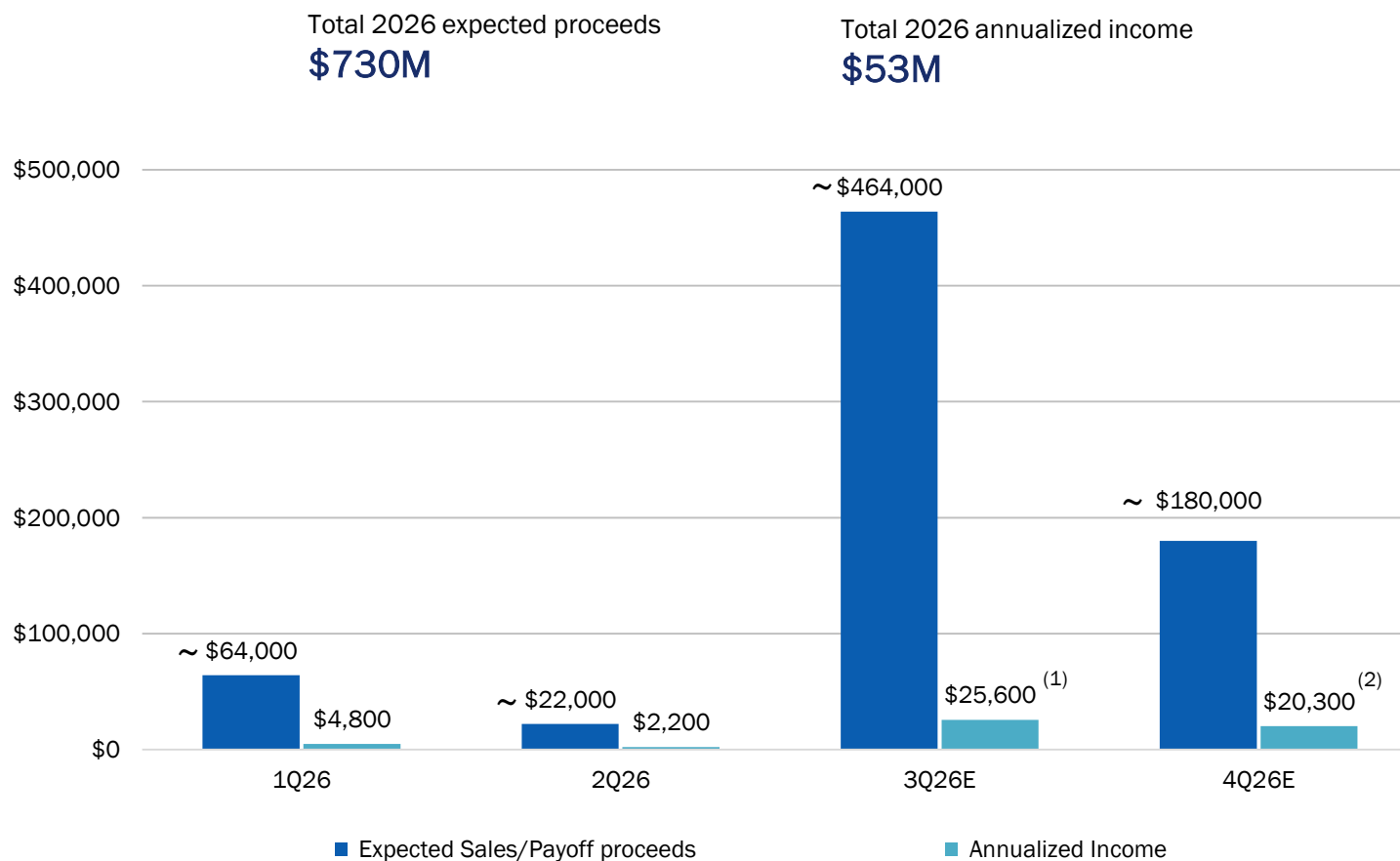
ACQUISITIONS

DATE	# OF PROPERTIES	INVESTMENT TYPE	PROPERTY TYPE	# OF UNITS	LOCATION	OPERATOR	DATE OF CONSTRUCTION	YEAR 1 CAP RATE	PURCHASE PRICE
Jul-2025	1	SHOP	SH	67	Morgan Hill, CA	Discovery Senior Living	2019	7.4%	\$ 35,200
Sep-2025	2	SHOP	SH	158	Various cities in KY	Charter Senior Living	2023	7.6%	39,500
Sep-2025	5	SHOP	SH	520	Various cities in WI	Lifespark Senior Living	2019-2021	7.2%	194,050
Oct-2025	1	SHOP	SH	88	Marietta, GA	The Arbor Company	2017	7.4%	22,900
Dec-2025	1	SHOP	SH	100	Brentwood, TN	Discovery Senior Living	2022	7.4%	31,250
Dec-2025	1	SHOP	SH	122	Hobart, WI	New Perspective	2012-2019	8.7%	30,000
	<u>11</u>			<u>1,055</u>					<u>\$ 352,900</u>
Jan-2026	3	SHOP	SH	394	Various cities in GA	The Arbor Company	2014-2018	7.0%	\$ 108,000
Apr-2026	1	SHOP	SH	61	Freeburg, IL	Arrow Senior Living	2019	8.1% ⁽¹⁾	9,205
May-2026	1	SHOP	SH	104	Phoenix, AZ	MorningStar Senior Living	2013	6.8%	54,250
Jul-2026	2	SHOP	SH	133	Various cities in CO & NM	MorningStar Senior Living	2015-2016	6.9%	72,500
Jul-2026	1	SHOP	SH	147	Stevens Point, WI	Health Dimensions Group	2007	7.2% ⁽¹⁾	40,000
Jul-2026	2	SHOP	SH	215	Various cities in MN	Lifespark Senior Living	2020-2023	7.4%	95,350
Aug-2026	4	SHOP	SH	453	Various cities in MN	Lifespark Senior Living	2015-2019	6.8%	200,000
Sep-2026	2	SHOP	SH	130	Various cities in VA & MD	IntegraCare	2021-2022	6.5%	89,000
Sep-2026	1	SHOP	SH	140	Land O'Lakes, FL	Charter Senior Living	2018	6.4%	68,975
	<u>17</u>			<u>1,777</u>					<u>\$ 737,280</u>

(1) Includes budgeted renovation.

REAL ESTATE – NEAR-TERM EXPECTED SALES AND LOAN PAYOFFS

(DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)



(1) Assuming current transaction timing, we received approximately \$5,100 of rental income in 3Q26 from properties sold in 3Q26.

(2) Assuming current transaction timing, we expect to receive approximately \$2,300 of interest in 4Q26 from the Prestige loan payoff.

Proforma represents amounts as of June 30, 2026 adjusted as follows:

- Annualized SHOP NOI at a weighted average year-one cap rate is 6.9% for 3Q26 acquisitions totaling \$565,825 of 12 seniors housing communities with a total of 1,218 units. The communities are located in Colorado (1), Florida (1), Maryland (1), Minnesota (6), New Mexico (1), Virginia (1) and Wisconsin (1). See Acquisitions table on page 14 for further details.
- Reduction of rental income related to 3Q26 dispositions totaling \$464,100 across the following four transactions:
 - 99-bed skilled nursing centers in Oregon for \$34,200 and expect to record a gain on sale of approximately \$33,000.
 - 13 skilled nursing centers in Texas with a total of 1,750 beds for \$166,900 and expect to record a gain on sale of approximately \$64,000.
 - three skilled nursing centers portfolio in Arizona with a total of 613 beds for \$103,000 and expect to record a gain on sale of approximately \$96,000.
 - 17 seniors housing communities with a total of 738 units for \$160,000 and expect to record a gain on sale of approximately \$132,000. These communities are located in Colorado (6), Kansas (4), Ohio (1) and Texas (6).
- Increased annualized interest expense for the assumed net borrowing of approximately \$67,863 under our senior unsecured revolving line of credit for acquisitions, offset by proceeds from dispositions and \$33,862 of net proceeds from the sale of 800,120 shares of our common stock under our equity distribution agreement.

PROFORMA PORTFOLIO OVERVIEW⁽¹⁾

(PROFORMA AS OF JUNE 30, 2026, DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)



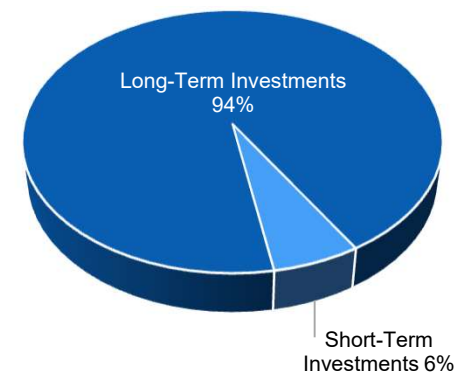
BY INVESTMENT TYPE	# OF PROPERTIES	GROSS INVESTMENT	% OF INVESTMENT	TRAILING TWELVE MONTHS ENDED PROFORMA JUNE 30, 2026		
				NOI ⁽²⁾	% OF NOI	INCOME STATEMENT LINE
Owned Portfolio						
Triple-Net Portfolio ("NNN") ⁽¹⁾	58	\$ 716,002	25.6%	\$ 67,523	31.6%	Rental income
Seniors Housing Operating Portfolio ("SHOP") ⁽¹⁾	46	1,366,847	49.0%	81,121	38.0%	Resident fees and services, net of Seniors housing operating expense
Owned Portfolio	104	2,082,849	74.6%	148,644	69.6%	
Owned Properties accounted for as Financing Receivables ⁽³⁾	28	286,916	10.3%	22,508	10.6%	Interest income from financing receivables
Mortgage Loans	26	396,092 ⁽⁴⁾	14.2% ⁽⁴⁾	39,726	18.6%	Interest income from mortgage loans
Notes Receivable	5	25,025	0.9%	2,556	1.2%	Interest and other income
Total	163	\$ 2,790,882	100.0%	\$ 213,434	100.0%	

BY ASSET TYPE	# OF PROPERTIES	GROSS INVESTMENT	% OF INVESTMENT	NOI ⁽²⁾	% OF NOI
Seniors Housing					
NNN ⁽¹⁾	71	\$ 819,758	29.4%	\$ 61,787	29.0%
SHOP ⁽¹⁾	46	1,366,847	49.0%	81,121	38.0%
Seniors Housing	117	2,186,605	78.4%	142,908	67.0%
Skilled Nursing ⁽¹⁾	45	575,886	20.6%	68,609	32.1%
Other ⁽⁵⁾	1	12,005	0.4%	1,189	0.6%
Under Development	—	16,386	0.6%	728	0.3%
Total	163	\$ 2,790,882	100.0%	\$ 213,434	100.0%

LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS include our Owned Portfolio, Owned Properties accounted for as Financing Receivables and Long-Term Mortgage Loans (Prestige) which represent 94% of our Gross Investments.

SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS represent investment durations shorter than 10 years and include our Notes Receivable and Short-Term Mortgage Loans which represent 6% of our Gross Investments.

- (1) See Proforma Activities on page 16 for further discussion.
- (2) See Trailing Twelve Months NOI definition in the Glossary.
- (3) Financing receivables represent acquisitions through sale-leaseback transactions, subject to lease agreements that contain purchase options. In accordance with GAAP, the purchased assets are presented as financing receivables on our *Consolidated Balance Sheets* and the rental income received is presented as interest income from financing receivables on our *Consolidated Statements of Income*.
- (4) Mortgage loans include short-term loans of \$142,292, or 5.1% of gross investment, and long-term loans (Prestige) of \$253,800, or 9.1% of gross investment. The weighted average maturity for our mortgage loans portfolio and long-term mortgage loans (Prestige) at June 30, 2026 is 12.7 years and 17.8 years, respectively.
- (5) Includes one behavioral health care hospital and three parcels of land held-for-use.



PROFORMA PORTFOLIO DIVERSIFICATION – GEOGRAPHY

(PROFORMA AS OF JUNE 30, 2026)



163
PROPERTIES



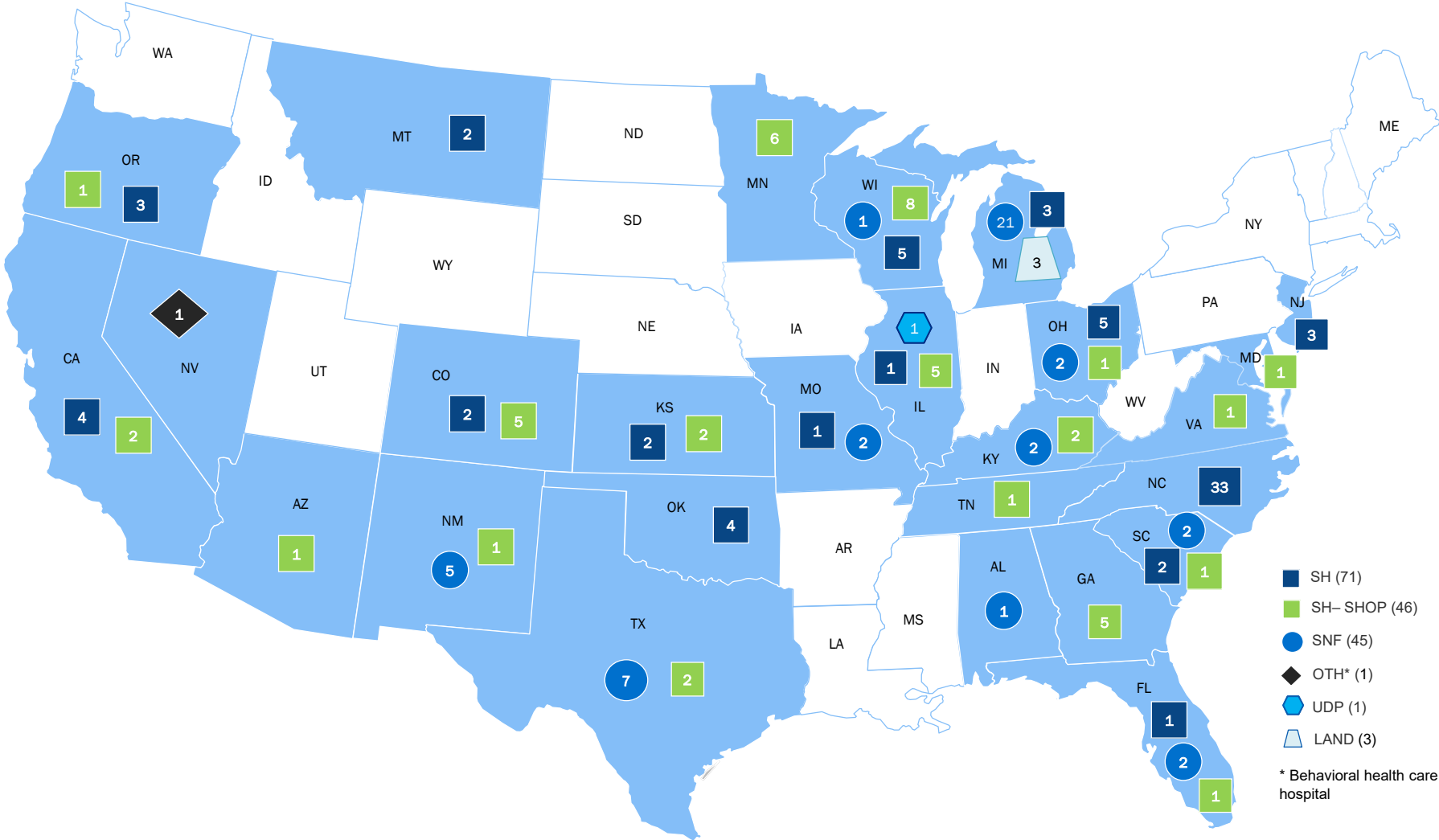
14,309
UNITS/BEDS



29
OPERATORS



26
STATES



PROFORMA PORTFOLIO DIVERSIFICATION – GEOGRAPHY⁽¹⁾

(PROFORMA AS OF JUNE 30, 2026, DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)



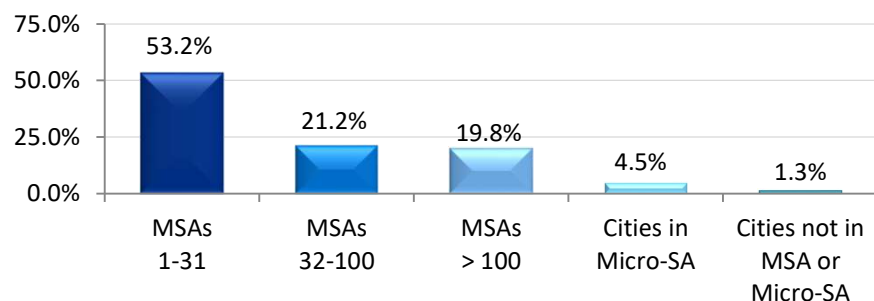
STATE ⁽²⁾	# OF PROPERTIES	GROSS		GROSS INVESTMENT									
		INVESTMENT	%	SH - NNN	%	SH - SHOP	%	SNF	%	UDP	%	OTH ⁽³⁾	%
Wisconsin ⁽¹⁾	14	\$ 360,593	12.9%	\$ 57,823	7.1%	\$ 288,824	21.1%	\$ 13,946	2.4%	\$ —	—	\$ —	—
North Carolina	33	304,031	10.9%	304,031	37.1%	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Minnesota ⁽¹⁾	6	295,350	10.6%	—	—	295,350	21.6%	—	—	—	—	—	—
Michigan	24	294,649	10.6%	39,906	4.9%	—	—	253,800	44.1%	—	—	943	7.9%
Georgia	5	148,036	5.3%	—	—	148,036	10.8%	—	—	—	—	—	—
California	6	144,752	5.2%	95,716	11.7%	49,036	3.6%	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ohio	8	138,450	5.0%	69,073	8.4%	15,154	1.1%	54,223	9.4%	—	—	—	—
Texas ⁽¹⁾	9	120,302	4.3%	—	—	26,786	2.0%	93,516	16.2%	—	—	—	—
Florida ⁽¹⁾	4	118,466	4.2%	40,528	4.9%	68,975	5.1%	8,963	1.6%	—	—	—	—
Illinois	6	117,241	4.2%	32,725	4.0%	68,130	5.0%	—	—	16,386	100.0%	—	—
All Others ⁽¹⁾	48	748,987	26.8%	179,931	21.9%	406,556	29.7%	151,438	26.3%	—	—	11,062	92.1%
Total	163	\$ 2,790,857	100.0%	\$ 819,733	100.0%	\$ 1,366,847	100.0%	\$ 575,886	100.0%	\$ 16,386	100.0%	\$ 12,005	100.0%

(1) See Proforma Activities on page 16 for further discussion.

(2) Due to master leases with properties in various states, revenue by state is not available. Also, working capital notes are provided to certain operators under their master leases covering properties in various states. Therefore, the working capital notes outstanding balance totaling \$25 is also not available by state and is excluded from the table above.

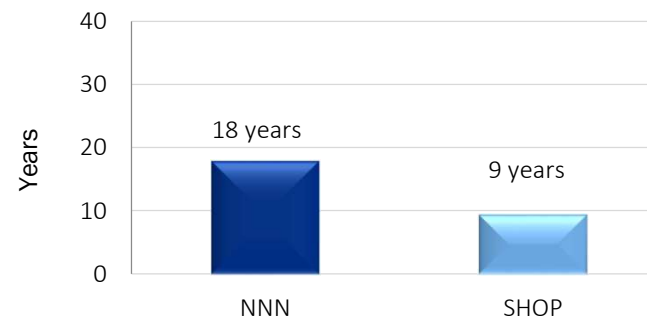
(3) Includes one behavioral health care hospital and three parcels of land held-for-use.

GROSS PORTFOLIO BY MSA ⁽¹⁾



(1) The MSA rank by population as of July 1, 2025, as estimated by the United States Census Bureau. Approximately 74% of our properties are in the top 100 MSAs. Represents our real properties, properties accounted for as financing receivables, and properties secured by our mortgage loans.

AVERAGE SENIORS HOUSING PORTFOLIO AGE ⁽¹⁾



(1) As calculated from construction date or major renovation/expansion date. Represents our real properties, properties accounted for as financing receivables, and properties secured by our mortgage loans.

PROFORMA SHOP DIVERSIFICATION⁽¹⁾

(PROFORMA AS OF JUNE 30, 2026, DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)



Lifespark - Eagle Point Senior Living
Appleton, Wisconsin

BY OPERATOR

OPERATORS	# OF PROPERTIES	# OF UNITS	GROSS INVESTMENT	%
Lifespark Senior Living ⁽¹⁾	11	1,188	\$ 490,151	35.9%
Anthem Memory Care	12	732	155,993	11.4%
The Arbor Company	4	482	132,765	9.7%
MorningStar Senior Living ⁽¹⁾	3	237	126,812	9.3%
Charter Senior Living ⁽¹⁾	3	298	108,876	8.0%
IntegraCare ⁽¹⁾	2	130	89,000	6.5%
Discovery Senior Living	2	167	67,180	4.9%
New Perspective	2	222	54,024	4.0%
Health Dimensions Group ⁽¹⁾	1	147	40,000	2.9%
Compass Senior Living	1	186	33,361	2.4%
All Others ⁽¹⁾	5	308	68,685	5.0%
Total	46	4,097	\$ 1,366,847	100.0%

BY STATE

STATE	# OF PROPERTIES	# OF UNITS	GROSS INVESTMENT	%
Minnesota ⁽¹⁾	6	668	\$ 295,350	21.6%
Wisconsin ⁽¹⁾	8	889	288,824	21.1%
Georgia	5	552	148,036	10.8%
Colorado ⁽¹⁾	5	292	81,825	6.0%
Florida ⁽¹⁾	1	140	68,975	5.1%
Illinois	5	325	68,130	5.0%
Arizona	1	104	54,312	4.0%
California	2	133	49,036	3.6%
Maryland ⁽¹⁾	1	68	45,390	3.3%
Virginia ⁽¹⁾	1	62	43,610	3.2%
All Others ⁽¹⁾	11	864	223,359	16.3%
Total	46	4,097	\$ 1,366,847	100.0%

(1) See Proforma Activities on page 16 for further discussion.

PROFORMA REAL ESTATE INVESTMENTS PORTFOLIO (EXCLUDING SHOP) – OPERATORS & METRICS⁽¹⁾

(PROFORMA AS OF JUNE 30, 2026, DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)



OPERATORS	PROPERTY TYPE	# OF PROPERTIES	ANNUALIZED ⁽²⁾				GROSS INVESTMENT	NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST	LTC PORTION OF GROSS INVESTMENT
			CONTRACTUAL CASH NOI	%	GAAP NOI	%			
Prestige Healthcare	SNF/OTH	23	\$ 29,270	21.8%	\$ 30,405	22.3%	\$ 267,797	\$ —	\$ 267,797
ALG Senior	SH	29	21,924 ⁽³⁾	16.3%	23,292 ⁽³⁾	17.1%	297,932	63,941	233,991
Encore Senior Living	SH/UDP	14	13,763 ⁽³⁾	10.2%	13,455 ⁽³⁾	9.9%	215,911	9,134	206,777
Carespring Health Care Management	SNF	4	11,314	8.4%	11,195	8.2%	102,940	—	102,940
Genesis Healthcare	SNF	6	9,999	7.4%	9,999	7.3%	53,339	—	53,339
Fundamental Long Term Care	SNF/OTH	5	8,443	6.3%	8,417	6.2%	65,798	—	65,798
Ignite Medical Resorts	SNF	6	8,415	6.3%	8,415	6.2%	89,054	—	89,054
Juniper Communities	SH	5	7,650	5.7%	7,971	5.9%	83,293	—	83,293
Oxford Senior Living	SH	7	5,337	4.0%	4,890	3.6%	50,658	—	50,658
GSL Management	SH	2	4,716	3.5%	4,716	3.5%	56,379	—	56,379
All Others ⁽²⁾		16	13,616	10.1%	13,398	9.8%	140,934	—	140,934
		117	\$ 134,447	100.0%	\$ 136,153	100.0%	\$ 1,424,035	\$ 73,075	\$ 1,350,960

(1) See Proforma Activities on page 16 for further discussion.

(2) See Glossary for definition of Annualized Contractual Cash NOI and Annualized GAAP NOI.

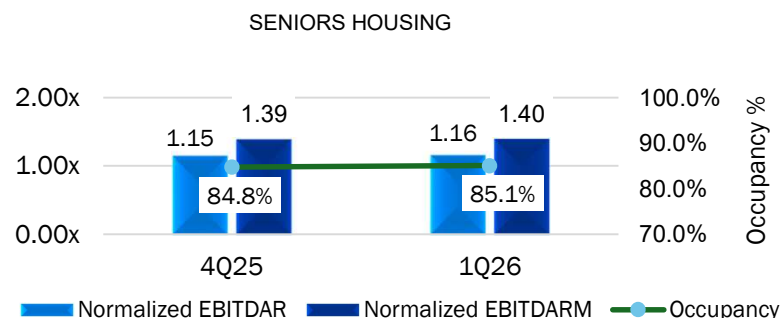
(3) Includes the consolidated income from our joint ventures. The non-controlling member's portion of the annualized contractual cash and annualized GAAP NOI are as follows:

OPERATORS	ANNUALIZED CONTRACTUAL CASH NOI		
	LTC PORTION	JV PARTNER PORTION	TOTAL
ALG Senior	\$ 17,212	\$ 4,712	\$ 21,924
Encore Senior Living	13,763	—	13,763

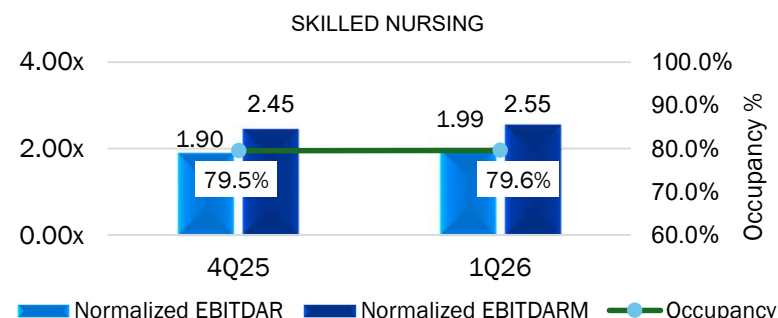
OPERATORS	ANNUALIZED GAAP NOI		
	LTC PORTION	JV PARTNER PORTION	TOTAL
ALG Senior	\$ 18,580	\$ 4,712	\$ 23,292
Encore Senior Living	13,455	—	13,455

SAME PROPERTY PORTFOLIO (“SPP”) COVERAGE STATISTICS⁽¹⁾

(TRAILING TWELVE MONTHS THROUGH MARCH 31, 2026 AND DECEMBER 31, 2025)



SH metrics as allocated/reported by operators. Occupancy represents the average TTM occupancy. See Normalized EBITDAR and Normalized EBITDARM definitions in the Glossary.



SNF metrics as allocated/reported by operators. Occupancy represents the average TTM occupancy. See Normalized EBITDAR and Normalized EBITDARM definitions in the Glossary.

(1) Information is from property level operator financial statements which are unaudited and have not been independently verified by LTC. The same property portfolio excludes properties re-tenanted or sold after January 1, 2025; and excludes properties transitioned to LTC's SHOP portfolio prior to June 30, 2026.

REAL ESTATE INVESTMENTS PORTFOLIO (EXCLUDING SHOP) – LOANS & NOTES RECEIVABLE MATURITY

(AS OF JUNE 30, 2026, DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)



YEAR	MORTGAGE LOANS RECEIVABLE			YEAR	NOTES RECEIVABLE		
	PRINCIPAL	ANNUALIZED GAAP NOI ⁽¹⁾	WA GAAP RATE		PRINCIPAL	ANNUALIZED GAAP NOI ⁽¹⁾	WA GAAP RATE
2026	\$ —	\$ —	—	2026	\$ 25	\$ 2	8.0%
2027	28,999	2,327	8.0%	2027	25,000	2,554	10.2%
2028	—	—	—	2028	703	—	—
2029	—	—	—	2029	—	—	—
2030	113,293	9,683	8.5%	2030	—	—	—
2031	—	—	—	2031	—	—	—
2032	—	—	—	2032	—	—	—
2033	—	—	—	2033	—	—	—
Thereafter	253,800 ⁽²⁾	29,219 ⁽²⁾	11.5%	Thereafter	—	—	—
Total	<u>\$ 396,092</u>	<u>\$ 41,229</u>	10.4%	Total	<u>\$ 25,728</u>	<u>\$ 2,556</u>	9.9%

(1) See Annualized GAAP NOI definition in the Glossary.

(2) The Prestige \$179,875 mortgage loan secured by 14 skilled nursing centers in Michigan has an option to prepay the loan without penalty during the 12-month window starting July 2026, subject to customary conditions and contingent on Prestige's ability to obtain replacement financing. This loan represents \$20,312 of annualized GAAP interest income. The remaining \$73,925 of mortgage loans mature in 2045.

ENTERPRISE VALUE

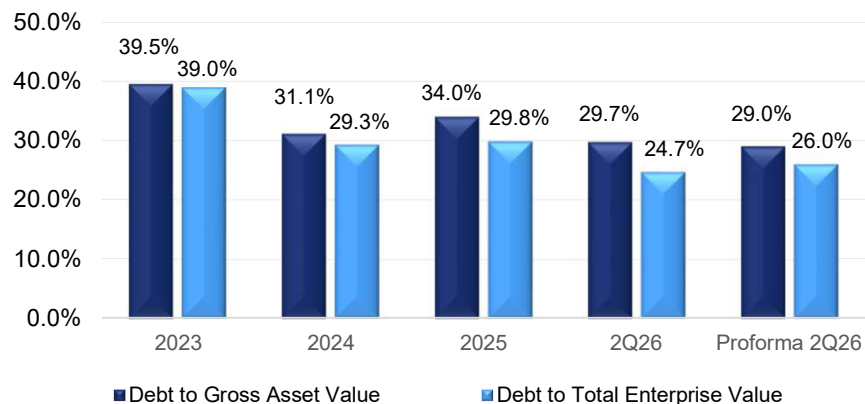
(DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS AND NUMBER OF SHARES)



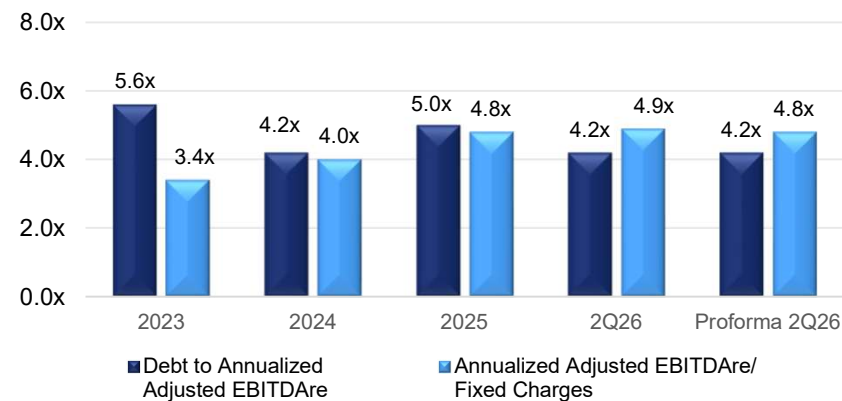
				PROFORMA ⁽¹⁾	
				JUNE 30, 2026	CAPITALIZATION
DEBT					
Revolving line of credit - WA rate 4.3% ⁽²⁾			\$	200,000	
Term loans, net of debt issue costs - WA rate 4.7% ⁽³⁾				198,404	
Senior unsecured notes, net of debt issue costs - WA rate 4.1% ⁽⁴⁾				378,686	
Total debt - WA rate 4.3%				777,090	25.0%
EQUITY					
	6/30/26	PROFORMA	9/24/26		
	No. of shares	No. of shares	Closing Price		
Common stock	53,905,563	54,705,683 ⁽⁵⁾	\$ 43.36 ⁽⁵⁾	2,337,345	75.0%
Total market value				2,337,345	
TOTAL VALUE				3,114,435	100.0%
Add: Non-controlling interest				73,075	
Less: Cash and cash equivalents				(40,435)	
ENTERPRISE VALUE				\$ 3,147,075	
Debt to Enterprise Value				24.7%	26.0%

- (1) See Proforma Activities on page 16 for further discussion.
(2) During 2Q26, we increased our credit facility by \$300,000 to \$1,100,000, through an expansion of our aggregate revolving line of credit from \$600,000 to \$900,000.
(3) Represents outstanding balance of \$200,000, net of debt issue costs of \$1,596.
(4) Represents outstanding balance of \$379,500, net of debt issue costs of \$814.
(5) Proforma number of shares and closing price of our common stock as reported by the NYSE on September 24, 2026.
(6) See Reconciliation of Annualized Adjusted EBITDAre on page 28.

LEVERAGE RATIOS



COVERAGE RATIOS

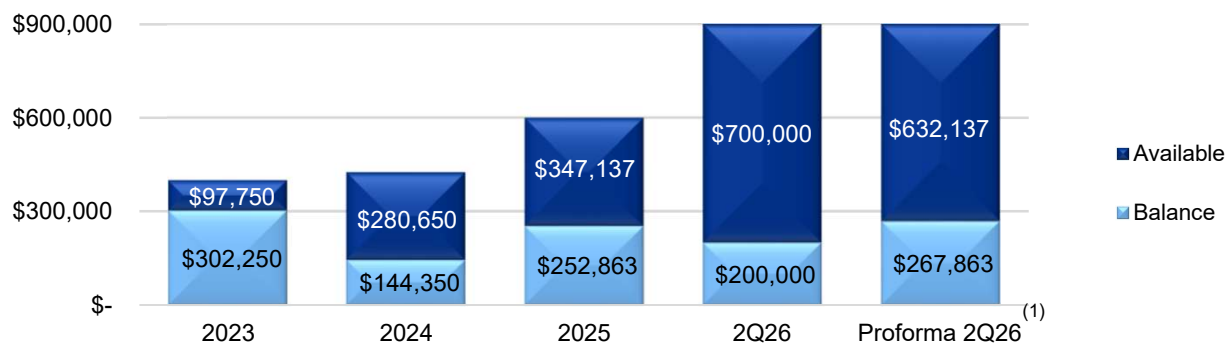


DEBT METRICS

(DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)



LINE OF CREDIT LIQUIDITY



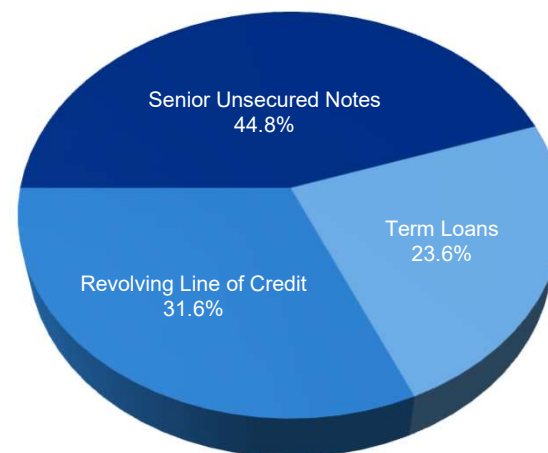
(1) See Proforma Activities on page 16 for further discussion.

YEAR	\$900M REVOLVING LINE OF CREDIT	TERM LOANS ⁽¹⁾	SENIOR UNSECURED NOTES ⁽¹⁾	TOTAL	% OF TOTAL
2026	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 39,000	\$ 39,000	4.6%
2027	—	—	54,500	54,500	6.4%
2028	—	50,000	55,000	105,000	12.4%
2029	267,863	55,000	63,000	385,863	45.5%
2030	—	55,000	67,000	122,000	14.4%
2031	—	—	56,000	56,000	6.6%
2032	—	40,000	35,000	75,000	8.9%
2033	—	—	10,000	10,000	1.2%
Total	\$ 267,863 ⁽²⁾	\$ 200,000	\$ 379,500	\$ 847,363	100.0%

(1) Reflects scheduled principal payments and excludes debt issue costs on our term loans and senior unsecured notes, which are netted against the principal outstanding balances on our *Consolidated Balance Sheets*.

(2) During 2Q26, we increased our credit facility by \$300,000 to \$1,100,000, through an expansion of our aggregate revolving line of credit from \$600,000 to \$900,000. See Proforma Activities on page 16 for further discussion.

DEBT STRUCTURE



FINANCIAL DATA SUMMARY

(DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)



	12/31/2023	12/31/2024	12/31/2025	6/30/2026	PROFORMA 6/30/26 ⁽¹⁾
Gross investments	\$ 2,139,865	\$ 2,088,613	\$ 2,397,662	\$ 2,492,578	\$ 2,790,881
Net investments	\$ 1,741,093	\$ 1,674,140	\$ 1,981,017	\$ 2,055,728	\$ 2,484,377
Gross asset value	\$ 2,253,870	\$ 2,200,615	\$ 2,478,705	\$ 2,613,708	\$ 2,912,011
Total debt ⁽²⁾	\$ 891,317	\$ 684,600	\$ 842,181	\$ 777,090	\$ 844,953
Total liabilities ⁽²⁾	\$ 938,831	\$ 733,137	\$ 899,676	\$ 835,227	\$ 903,090
Non-controlling interest	\$ 34,988	\$ 92,378	\$ 87,400	\$ 73,075	\$ 73,075
Total equity	\$ 916,267	\$ 1,053,005	\$ 1,162,384	\$ 1,341,631	\$ 1,702,417

(1) See Proforma Activities on page 16 for further discussion.

(2) Includes outstanding gross revolving line of credit, term loans, net of debt issue costs, and senior unsecured notes, net of debt issue costs.

NON-CASH REVENUE COMPONENTS

	2Q26	3Q26 ⁽¹⁾	4Q26 ⁽¹⁾	1Q27 ⁽¹⁾	2Q27 ⁽¹⁾
Straight-line rent adjustment	\$ (264)	\$ (100) ⁽²⁾	\$ (174)	\$ (289)	\$ (340)
Amortization of lease incentives	(129)	(116)	(112)	(106)	(106)
Effective interest - Financing receivables	361	361	362	362	362
Effective interest - Mortgage loans receivable	288	256	244	232	224
Effective interest - Notes receivable	(23)	(24)	(24)	(24)	44
Total non-cash revenue components	<u>\$ 233</u>	<u>\$ 377</u>	<u>\$ 296</u>	<u>\$ 175</u>	<u>\$ 184</u>

(1) For leases and loans in place at June 30, 2026, adjusted for the subsequent sale of a 99-bed skilled nursing center in Oregon.

COMPONENTS OF RENTAL INCOME

	THREE MONTHS ENDED			SIX MONTHS ENDED		
	JUNE 30,			JUNE 30,		
	2026	2025	Variance	2026	2025	Variance
Cash rent	\$ 24,187	\$28,079	\$ (3,892) ⁽¹⁾	\$ 48,723	\$ 57,702	\$ (8,979) ⁽¹⁾
Operator reimbursed real estate tax revenue	2,196	2,777	(581) ⁽²⁾	4,464	5,866	(1,402) ⁽²⁾
Straight-line rent adjustment	(264)	(497)	233	(598)	(1,075)	477 ⁽³⁾
Adjustment of lease incentive and rental income	(13)	—	(13)	(13)	(492)	479 ⁽³⁾
Amortization of lease incentives	(116)	(182)	66	(247)	(380)	133
Total rental income	<u>\$ 25,990</u>	<u>\$30,177</u>	<u>\$ (4,187)</u>	<u>\$ 52,329</u>	<u>\$ 61,621</u>	<u>\$ (9,292)</u>

(1) Decrease primarily due to the conversion of 18 communities from triple-net to our SHOP segment and lower rent due to property sales, partially offset by rent increases from fair-market rent resets, escalations and capital improvements.

(2) Decrease primarily due to the conversion of 18 communities from triple-net to our SHOP segment and property sales.

(3) Includes write-off of a straight-line rent receivable of \$243 and a lease incentive balance of \$249.

Appendix B

SEC Reg. G Compliance

APPENDIX B: SEC REG. G COMPLIANCE: RECONCILIATION OF 2026 GUIDANCE

(UNAUDITED, AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)



GUIDANCE

The following guidance ranges reflect management's view of current and future market conditions. There can be no assurance that the Company's actual results will not differ materially from the estimates set forth below. Except as otherwise required by law, the Company assumes no, and hereby disclaims any, obligation to update any of the foregoing guidance ranges as a result of new information or new or future developments. The 2026 full year guidance is as follows:

	Full Year 2026 Guidance	
	Low	High
Diluted earnings per common share	\$ 8.08	\$ 8.10
Less: Gain on sale, net of impairment loss	(6.36)	(6.36)
Add: Depreciation and amortization	1.04	1.04
Diluted Nareit FFO attributable to common stockholders	2.76	2.78
Add: Non-core adjustments	—	—
Diluted Core FFO	\$ 2.76	\$ 2.78
Diluted Nareit FFO attributable to common stockholders	\$ 2.76	\$ 2.78
(Less) Add: Non-cash (income) recovery	(0.02)	(0.02)
Add: Non-cash expense	0.14	0.14
Less: Recurring capital expenditures	(0.08)	(0.08)
Diluted FAD	2.80	2.82
Add: Non-core adjustments	0.03	0.03
Diluted Core FAD	\$ 2.83	\$ 2.85

The assumptions underlying the full year guidance are as follows:

- Gross investments estimates increased by \$300,000 at the midpoint, to a range of \$700,000 to \$1,100,000, from \$400,000 to \$800,000. Gross investments include transactions closed to date, or expected to close in 3Q26;
- Asset sales and loan payoffs projections increased by \$464,100 to \$730,000, including \$120,300 of sales and payoffs through the end of July 2026, with anticipated gain on sale of over \$300,000, of which \$7,600 has been recognized;
- SHOP NOI, inclusive of expected net investments, in the range of \$71,200 to \$79,900, an increase from \$65,100 to \$77,200. See Core SHOP guidance on page 13 for further discussion.
- General and administrative costs in the range of \$31,700 to \$33,900; and
- Adjustments to Core FFO and Core FAD include the following:
 - One-time exit IRR income that we received in connection with the sale of three skilled nursing centers accounted for as a Financing receivable on our *Consolidated Balance Sheets*; See the reconciliation of non-core adjustments on page 31.
 - Transaction costs in the range of \$3,100 to \$3,500 for the full year; and
 - Recovery of provision for credit losses related to loan payoffs, including the \$765 provision for credit losses recovery included on the reconciliation of non-core adjustments on page 31.

APPENDIX B: SEC REG. G COMPLIANCE: ANNUALIZED ADJUSTED EBITDA_{re} AND FIXED CHARGES

(DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)



RECONCILIATION OF ANNUALIZED ADJUSTED EBITDA_{re} AND FIXED CHARGES

	FOR THE YEAR ENDED			THREE MONTHS ENDED	THREE MONTHS ENDED
	12/31/2023	12/31/2024	12/31/2025	6/30/2026	PROFORMA 6/30/26 ⁽⁶⁾
Net income	\$ 91,462	\$ 94,879	\$ 123,880	\$ 30,815	\$ 358,336
Less: Gain on sale of real estate, net	(37,296)	(7,979)	(77,822)	(7,562)	(332,562)
Add: Income tax provision	—	—	179	166	166
Add: Impairment loss	15,775	6,953	—	—	—
Add: Interest expense	47,014	40,336	35,306	9,484	10,292
Add: Depreciation and amortization	37,416	36,367	37,874	12,371	12,371
EBITDA _{re}	154,371	170,556	119,417	45,274	48,603
Add/less: Non-core adjustments	3,823 ⁽¹⁾	(8,907) ⁽²⁾	49,783 ⁽³⁾	1,189 ⁽⁴⁾	1,189
Adjusted EBITDA _{re}	\$ 158,194	\$ 161,649	\$ 169,200	\$ 46,463	\$ 49,792
Interest expense	\$ 47,014	\$ 40,336	\$ 35,306	\$ 9,484	\$ 10,292
Fixed charges	\$ 47,014	\$ 40,336	\$ 35,306	\$ 9,484	\$ 10,292
Annualized Adjusted EBITDA _{re}				\$ 185,852	\$ 199,168
Annualized Fixed Charges				\$ 37,936	\$ 41,168
Debt (net of debt issue costs)	\$ 891,317	\$ 684,600	\$ 842,181	\$ 777,090	844,953
Debt (net of debt issue costs) to Annualized Adjusted EBITDA _{re}	5.6x	4.2x	5.0x	4.2x	4.2x
Annualized Adjusted EBITDA _{re} to Annualized Fixed Charges ⁽⁵⁾	3.4x	4.0x	4.8x	4.9x	4.8x

(1) Includes the \$3,561 note receivable write-off related to the sale and transition of 10 seniors housing communities, \$1,832 of provision for credit losses related to the acquisition of 11 seniors housing communities accounted for as financing receivables and two mortgage loan originations, partially offset by the \$1,570 exit IRR and prepayment fee received in connection with the payoff of two mezzanine loans.

(2) Represents \$4,052 of one-time income received from former operators, \$3,158 of one-time additional straight-line income related to restoring accrual basis accounting for two master leases, \$2,818 of rental income received in connection with the sale of two properties, and \$1,738 recovery of provision for credit losses related to the payoffs of five mortgage loan receivables, partially offset by \$1,635 of provision for credit losses related to acquisitions totaling \$163,460 accounted for as financing receivables, \$613 of effective interest receivable write-off related to the partial paydown of a mortgage loan receivable, and the write-off of straight-line rent receivable (\$321) and notes receivable (\$290).

(3) Represents a \$41,455 write-off of effective interest receivable related to a mortgage loan amendment that permits penalty-free early payoff within an allowable window, \$9,992 of costs associated with the conversion to our new SHOP segment (\$5,971 lease termination fee and \$4,021 of provision for credit losses related to the write-off of loan and interest receivables), \$1,703 of costs associated with the startup of our new SHOP segment, \$1,271 of straight-line rent receivable write-off due to an operator's on-going bankruptcy, \$1,136 of expenses related to an employee retirement and \$563 of provision for credit losses related to loan originations, net of payoffs, offset by \$5,737 of exit IRR received in connection with the redemption of LTC's preferred equity investment in two joint ventures and a mezzanine loan, and \$600 of income received from a former operator.

(4) See the reconciliation of non-core adjustments on page 31 for further detail.

(5) Given we do not have preferred stock, our fixed charge coverage ratio and interest coverage ratio are the same.

(6) See Proforma Activities on page 16 for further discussion.

APPENDIX B: SEC REG. G COMPLIANCE - RECONCILIATION OF FFO AND FAD

(UNAUDITED, AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)



	THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,		SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
GAAP net income available to common stockholders	\$ 29,479	\$ 14,938	\$ 52,916	\$ 35,455
Add: Depreciation and amortization	12,371	8,776	24,350	17,938
Less: Gain on sale of real estate, net	(7,562)	(332)	(7,552)	(503)
Nareit FFO attributable to common stockholders	34,288	23,382	\$ 69,714	\$ 52,890
Add (Less): Non-core adjustments ⁽¹⁾	1,189	8,011	(502)	8,416
FFO, excluding non-core adjustments ("Core FFO")	<u>\$ 35,477</u>	<u>\$ 31,393</u>	<u>\$ 69,212</u>	<u>\$ 61,306</u>
Nareit FFO attributable to common stockholders	\$ 34,288	\$ 23,382	\$ 69,714	\$ 52,890
Non-cash income:				
Add: Straight-line rent adjustment	264	497	598	1,075
Add: Amortization of lease incentives	129	182	260	629
Add: Other non-cash contra-revenue	—	—	—	243
Less: Effective interest income	(626)	(1,529)	(1,118)	(2,930)
Net non-cash income	(233)	(850)	(260)	(983)
Non-cash expense:				
Add: Non-cash compensation charges	2,326	2,795	4,390	5,048
Add (Less): Provision (recovery) for credit losses	27	387	(657)	3,439
Net non-cash expense	2,353	3,182	3,733	8,487
Less: Recurring capital expenditures	(803)	(91)	(1,208)	(91)
Funds available for distribution ("FAD")	35,605	25,623	71,979	60,303
Add: Non-core adjustments ⁽¹⁾	1,189	6,927	65	4,268
FAD, excluding non-core adjustments ("Core FAD")	<u>\$ 36,794</u>	<u>\$ 32,550</u>	<u>\$ 72,044</u>	<u>\$ 64,571</u>
Diluted Nareit FFO attributable to common stockholders per share	\$0.66	\$0.51	\$1.38	\$1.15
Diluted Core FFO per share	\$0.68	\$0.68	\$1.37	\$1.34
Diluted FAD per share	\$0.68	\$0.56	\$1.42	\$1.31
Diluted Core FAD per share	\$0.70	\$0.71	\$1.43	\$1.41

(1) See the reconciliation of non-core adjustments on page 31 for further detail.

APPENDIX B: SEC REG. G COMPLIANCE-RECONCILIATION OF FFO PER SHARE

(UNAUDITED, AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)



FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,	FFO		FAD	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
FFO/FAD attributable to common stockholders	\$ 34,288	\$ 23,382	\$ 35,605	\$ 25,623
Non-core adjustments ⁽¹⁾	1,189	8,011	1,189	6,927
Core FFO/FAD	35,477	31,393	36,794	32,550
Effect of dilutive securities:				
Participating securities	—	154	—	154
Diluted Core FFO/FAD	\$ 35,477	\$ 31,547	\$ 36,794	\$ 32,704
Shares for basic Core FFO/FAD per share	51,872	45,714	51,872	45,714
Effect of dilutive securities:				
Performance-based stock units	326	314	326	314
Participating securities	—	269	—	269
Shares for diluted Core FFO/FAD per share	52,198	46,297	52,198	46,297

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,	FFO		FAD	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
FFO/FAD attributable to common stockholders	\$ 69,714	\$ 52,890	\$ 71,979	\$ 60,303
Non-core adjustments ⁽¹⁾	(502)	8,416	65	4,268
Core FFO/FAD	69,212	61,306	72,044	64,571
Effect of dilutive securities:				
Participating securities	—	317	—	317
Diluted Core FFO/FAD	\$ 69,212	\$ 61,623	\$ 72,044	\$ 64,888
Shares for basic Core FFO/FAD per share	50,217	45,524	50,217	45,524
Effect of dilutive securities:				
Performance based stock units	326	314	326	314
Participating securities	—	274	—	274
Shares for diluted Core FFO/FAD per share	50,543	46,112	50,543	46,112

(1) See the reconciliation of non-core adjustments on page 31 for further detail.

APPENDIX B: SEC REG. G COMPLIANCE- RECONCILIATION OF NON-CORE ADJUSTMENTS

(UNAUDITED, AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)



	THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,		SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Reconciliation of non-core adjustments to Nareit FFO:				
Add: Notes receivables and related interest receivable, if applicable, write-off	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 3,064 ⁽¹⁾
Add: Provision for credit losses reserve recorded upon origination	—	384	—	384
Deduct: Recovery for credit losses related to loan payoffs	—	—	(765)	—
Add (Deduct): Total provision for credit losses adjustments	—	384	(765)	3,448
Add: Lease termination fee paid upon conversion to SHOP	—	5,971 ⁽²⁾	—	5,971 ⁽²⁾
Add: Transaction costs	1,189 ⁽³⁾	520 ⁽³⁾	1,877 ⁽³⁾	823 ⁽³⁾
Add: One-time general and administrative expenses related to an employee retirement	—	1,136	—	1,136
Add: Expense and contra-revenue adjustments	1,189	7,627	1,877	7,930
Deduct: Income related to exit IRRs received	—	—	(1,614) ⁽⁴⁾	(2,962) ⁽⁵⁾
Total non-core adjustments to Nareit FFO	\$ 1,189	\$ 8,011	\$ (502)	\$ 8,416
Reconciliation of non-core adjustments to FAD:				
Add: Lease termination fee paid upon conversion to SHOP	\$ —	\$ 5,971 ⁽²⁾	\$ —	\$ 5,971 ⁽²⁾
Add: Transaction costs	1,189 ⁽³⁾	520 ⁽³⁾	1,877 ⁽³⁾	823 ⁽³⁾
Add: One-time cash general and administrative expenses related to an employee retirement	—	436	—	436
Add: Cash expense adjustments	1,189	6,927	1,877	7,230
Deduct: Cash income related to exit IRRs received	—	—	(1,812) ⁽⁴⁾	(2,962) ⁽⁵⁾
Total non-core cash adjustments to FAD	\$ 1,189	\$ 6,927	\$ 65	\$ 4,268

(1) Represents the write-off of a working capital note and related interest receivable balance in connection with a SHOP conversion.

(2) Represents a one-time lease termination fee paid to an operator for the conversion of the operator's triple-net lease into SHOP.

(3) The transaction costs adjustment for 2026 includes all transaction costs incurred, whereas the transaction costs adjustment for 2025 includes only SHOP segment startup costs. Transaction costs are excluded from FFO and FAD to improve comparability across periods as such expenditures are not indicative of ongoing operations.

(4) The 2026 exit IRR income adjustment represents the payment received in connection with the sale of a portfolio of three skilled nursing centers in Florida that was accounted for as a financing receivable. The FFO adjustment represents the receipt of \$1,812, offset by \$198 of effective interest receivable previously recognized over the term of the loan through payoff.

(5) The 2025 exit IRR income adjustment represents the payment received in connection with the redemption of LTC's preferred equity investment in a joint venture. The 13% exit IRR was not previously recorded.

APPENDIX B: SEC REG. G COMPLIANCE - RECONCILIATION OF PROFORMA NOI ⁽¹⁾

(UNAUDITED, AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)



	TRAILING TWELVE MONTHS ENDED PROFORMA JUNE 30, 2026							
	NNN	SHOP	SUBTOTAL	FINANCING RECEIVABLES	MORTGAGE LOANS RECEIVABLE	NOTES RECEIVABLE	OTHER ⁽²⁾	TOTAL
Revenues ⁽¹⁾	\$ 81,163	\$ 272,152	\$ 353,315	\$ 28,124	\$ 40,708	\$ 4,121	\$ 2,138	\$ 428,406
Income from unconsolidated joint ventures	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
(Less)/Add:								
Property tax revenue	(9,379)	—	(9,379)	—	—	—	—	(9,379)
Seniors housing operating expenses ⁽¹⁾	—	(191,031)	(191,031)	—	—	—	—	(191,031)
Sales, SHOP conversions and payoffs	(5,532)	—	(5,532)	(5,616)	(982)	(1,565)	—	(13,695)
Other	1,271 ⁽³⁾	—	1,271	—	—	—	(2,138)	(867)
NOI	<u>\$ 67,523</u>	<u>\$ 81,121</u>	<u>\$ 148,644</u>	<u>\$ 22,508</u>	<u>\$ 39,726</u>	<u>\$ 2,556</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 213,434</u>

(1) See Proforma Activities on page 16 for further discussion.

(2) Represents income received from former operators and other miscellaneous income.

(3) Represents a straight-line rent receivable balance write-off from 3Q25 due to the Genesis bankruptcy filing.

Annualized Contractual Cash NOI: Represents annualized contractual cash rental income (prior to abatements & deferred rent repayment and excludes real estate tax reimbursement), interest income from financing receivables, mortgage loans, mezzanine loans and working capital notes, and income from unconsolidated joint ventures for the final month of the quarter reported herein.

Annualized GAAP NOI: Represents annualized GAAP rent which includes contractual cash rent, straight-line rent and amortization of lease incentives and excludes real estate tax reimbursement, GAAP interest income from financing receivables, mortgage loans, mezzanine loans and working capital notes, and income from unconsolidated joint ventures for the final month of the quarter reported herein.

Assisted Living Communities (“ALF”): The ALF portfolio consists of assisted living, independent living, and/or memory care properties (see definitions for Independent Living and Memory Care Communities). Assisted living properties are seniors housing properties serving elderly persons who require assistance with activities of daily living, but do not require the constant supervision skilled nursing properties provide. Services are usually available 24 hours a day and include personal supervision and assistance with eating, bathing, grooming and administering medication. The facilities provide a combination of housing, supportive services, personalized assistance and health care designed to respond to individual needs.

Contractual Lease Rent: Rental revenue as defined by the lease agreement between us and the operator for the lease year.

Core SHOP Portfolio: Represents the 27 properties (2,281 units) that include initial conversions (13) and acquired SHOP properties (14) through 1Q26; excludes value-add conversions and additional acquisitions.

Earnings Before Interest, Tax, Depreciation and Amortization for Real Estate (“EBITDAre”): As defined by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts (“Nareit”), EBITDAre is calculated as net income (computed in accordance with GAAP) excluding (i) interest expense, (ii) income tax expense, (iii) real estate depreciation and amortization, (iv) impairment write-downs of depreciable real estate, (v) gains or losses on the sale of depreciable real estate, and (vi) adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures.

EXPOR: Average expenses per occupied room per month

FAD Capex: Recurring capital expenditures that extend the useful life of a property

Financing Receivables: Properties acquired through a sale-leaseback transaction with an operating entity being the same before and after the sale-leaseback, subject to a lease contract that contains a purchase option. In accordance with GAAP, the purchased assets are required to be presented as *Financing receivables* on our *Consolidated Balance Sheets* and the rental income to be presented as *Interest income from financing receivables* on our *Consolidated Statements of Income*.

Funds Available for Distribution (“FAD”): FFO excluding the effects of straight-line rent, amortization of lease costs, effective interest income, provision for credit losses, non-cash compensation charges, non-cash interest charges and recurring capital expenditures required to maintain and re-tenant our properties.

Funds From Operations (“FFO”): As defined by Nareit, net income available to common stockholders (computed in accordance with U.S. GAAP) excluding gains or losses on the sale of real estate and impairment write-downs of depreciable real estate plus real estate depreciation and amortization, and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures.

GAAP Rent: Total rent we will receive as a fixed amount over the initial term of the lease and recognized evenly over that term. GAAP rent recorded in the early years of a lease is higher than the cash rent received and during the later years of the lease, the cash rent received is higher than GAAP rent recognized. The difference between the cash rent and GAAP rent is commonly referred to as straight-line rental income. GAAP rent also includes amortization of lease incentives and real estate tax reimbursements.

Gross Asset Value: The carrying amount of total assets after adding back accumulated depreciation and loan loss reserves, as reported in the company’s consolidated financial statements.

Gross Investment: Original price paid for an asset plus capital improvements funded by LTC, without any deductions for depreciation or provision for credit losses. Gross Investment is commonly referred to as undepreciated book value.

Independent Living Communities (“ILF”): Seniors housing properties offering a sense of community and numerous levels of service, such as laundry, housekeeping, dining options/meal plans, exercise and wellness programs, transportation, social, cultural and recreational activities, on-site security and emergency response programs. Many offer on-site conveniences like beauty/barber shops, fitness facilities, game rooms, libraries and activity centers. ILFs are also known as retirement communities or seniors apartments.

Initial Conversion: 13 properties converted to SHOP in 2Q25.

Interest Income: Represents interest income from financing receivables, mortgage loans and other notes.

Licensed Beds/Units: The number of beds and/or units that an operator is authorized to operate at seniors housing and long-term care properties. Licensed beds and/or units may differ from the number of beds and/or units in service at any given time.

Memory Care Communities (“MC”): Seniors housing properties offering specialized options for seniors with Alzheimer’s disease and other forms of dementia. These facilities offer dedicated care and specialized programming for various conditions relating to memory loss in a secured environment that is typically smaller in scale and more residential in nature than traditional assisted living facilities. These facilities have staff available 24 hours a day to respond to the unique needs of their residents.

Metropolitan Statistical Areas (“MSA”): Based on the U.S. Census Bureau, MSA is a geographic entity defined by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for use by Federal statistical agencies in collecting, tabulating, and publishing Federal statistics. A metro area contains a core urban area of 50,000 or more population. MSAs 1 to 31 have a population of 19.5M – 2.2M. MSAs 32 to 100 have a population of 2.2M – 0.6M. MSAs greater than 100 have a population of 0.6M – 58K. Cities in a Micro-SA have a population of 264K – 12K. Cities not in an MSA have a population of less than 100K.

Mezzanine: Mezzanine financing sits between senior debt and common equity in the capital structure, and typically is used to finance development projects, value-add opportunities on existing operational properties, partnership buy-outs and recapitalization of equity. Security for mezzanine loans can include all or a portion of the following credit enhancements: secured second mortgage, pledge of equity interests, and personal/corporate guarantees. Mezzanine loans can be recorded for GAAP purposes as either a loan or joint venture depending upon loan terms and related credit enhancements.

Micropolitan Statistical Areas (“Micro-SA”): Based on the U.S. Census Bureau, Micro-SA is a geographic entity defined by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for use by Federal statistical agencies in collecting, tabulating, and publishing Federal statistics. A micro area contains an urban core of at least 10,000 population.

Mortgage Loan: Mortgage financing is provided on properties based on our established investment underwriting criteria and secured by a first mortgage. Subject to underwriting, additional credit enhancements may be required including, but not limited to, personal/corporate guarantees and debt service reserves. When possible, LTC attempts to negotiate a purchase option to acquire the property at a future time and lease the property back to the borrower.

Net Real Estate Assets: Gross real estate investment less accumulated depreciation. Net Real Estate Asset is commonly referred to as Net Book Value (“NBV”).

NNN: Triple-net lease which requires the lessee to pay all taxes, insurance, maintenance and repair capital and non-capital expenditures and other costs necessary in the operations of the property.

Non-cash Revenue: Straight-line rental income, amortization of lease inducement and effective interest.

Non-cash Compensation Charges: Vesting expense relating to restricted stock and performance-based stock units.

Non-FAD Capex: Capital expenditures, including significant renovations, to bring a property to a marketable and functional standard.

Normalized EBITDAR Coverage: The trailing twelve months’ earnings from the operator financial statements adjusted for non-core, infrequent, or unusual items and before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization, and rent divided by the operator’s contractual lease rent. Management fees are imputed at 5% of revenues.

Normalized EBITDARM Coverage: The trailing twelve months’ earnings from the operator financial statements adjusted for non-core, infrequent, or unusual items and before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization, rent, and management fees divided by the operator’s contractual lease rent.

Occupancy: The weighted average percentage of all beds and/or units that are occupied at a given time. The calculation uses the trailing twelve months and is based on licensed beds and/or units which may differ from the number of beds and/or units in service at any given time.

Operator Financial Statements: Property level operator financial statements which are unaudited and have not been independently verified by us.

Private Pay: Private pay includes private insurance, HMO, VA, and other payors.

Purchase Price: Represents the fair value price of an asset that is exchanged in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. An orderly transaction is a transaction that assumes exposure to the market for a period prior to the measurement date to allow for marketing activities that are usual and customary for transactions involving such assets; it is not a forced transaction (for example, a forced liquidation or distress sale).

Real Estate Investments: Represents our investments in real property, financing receivables, mortgage loans receivable and other notes receivables.

Rental Income: Represents GAAP rent generated by our owned properties under triple-net leases.

REVPOR: Average revenues per occupied room per month

RIDEA: Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT) Investment Diversification and Empowerment Act of 2007

Same Property Portfolio (“SPP”): Same property statistics allow for the comparative evaluation of performance across a consistent population of LTC’s leased property portfolio and the Prestige Healthcare mortgage loan portfolio. Our SPP is comprised of stabilized properties occupied and operated throughout the duration of the quarter-over-quarter comparison periods presented (excluding assets sold, assets held-for-sale and SHOP assets). Accordingly, a property must be occupied and stabilized or a minimum of 15 months to be included in our SPP. Each property transitioned to a new operator has been excluded from SPP and will be added back to SPP for the SPP reporting period ending 15 months after the date of the transition.

Seniors Housing (“SH”): Consists of independent living, assisted living, and/or memory care properties.

Seniors Housing Operating Portfolio (“SHOP”): Includes Seniors Housing properties generally structured to comply with RIDEA.

SHOP Net Operating Income (“NOI”): Total SHOP revenues (resident fees and services) less total SHOP expenses (seniors housing operating expenses).

Skilled Nursing Properties (“SNF”): Seniors housing properties providing restorative, rehabilitative and nursing care for people not requiring the more extensive and sophisticated treatment available at acute care hospitals. Many SNFs provide ancillary services that include occupational, speech, physical, respiratory and IV therapies, as well as sub-acute care services which are paid either by the patient, the patient’s family, private health insurance, or through the federal Medicare or state Medicaid programs.

Stabilized: Properties are generally considered stabilized upon the earlier of achieving certain occupancy thresholds (e.g. 80% for SNFs and 90% for ALFs) and, as applicable, 12 months from the date of acquisition/lease transition/restructure or, in the event of a de novo development, redevelopment, major renovations or addition, 24 months from the date the property is first placed in or returned to service, or properties acquired in lease-up.

Trailing Twelve Months NOI: For the owned portfolio under triple-net leases, rental income excluding real estate tax reimbursement, straight-line rent write-off and rental income from properties sold during the trailing twelve months. For the owned portfolio under our SHOP segment, represents SHOP NOI during the trailing twelve months. For owned properties accounted for as financing receivables, mortgage loan receivables and notes receivables, NOI includes cash interest income and effective interest during the trailing twelve months and excludes loan payoffs during the trailing twelve months. For Unconsolidated JV, NOI includes income from our investments in joint ventures during the trailing twelve months.

Under Development Properties (“UDP”): Development projects to construct seniors housing properties.

Value-Add Conversion: Properties converted to date, or planned to be converted, from our market-based rent reset portfolio – 1 campus converted in 4Q25 (previously disclosed as 2 properties); 2 properties converted in 1Q26; and 2 properties converted in 2Q26.



Founded in 1992, LTC Properties, Inc. (NYSE: LTC) is a self-administered real estate investment trust (REIT) investing in seniors housing and health care properties primarily through SHOP, triple-net leases, joint ventures and structured finance solutions including preferred equity and mezzanine lending. LTC's portfolio encompasses Seniors Housing (SH) consisting of Assisted Living Communities (ALF), Independent Living Communities (ILF), Memory Care Communities (MC), Skilled Nursing Facilities (SNF) and combinations thereof. Our main objective is to build and grow a diversified portfolio that creates and sustains shareholder value while providing our stockholders current distribution income. To meet this objective, we seek properties operated by regional operators, ideally offering upside and portfolio diversification (geographic, operator, property type and investment vehicle). For more information, visit www.LTCreit.com.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This supplemental information contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, adopted pursuant to the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Statements that are not purely historical may be forward-looking. You can identify some of the forward-looking statements by their use of forward-looking words, such as "believes," "expects," "may," "will," "could," "would," "should," "seeks," "approximately," "intends," "plans," "estimates" or "anticipates," or the negative of those words or similar words. Examples of forward-looking statements include the Company's 2026 SHOP investment guidance and funding strategy, estimated 2026 pro forma SHOP growth and gross asset value, near-term expected sales and loan payoffs, anticipated rent and gain on sales, core SHOP portfolio guidance, and future strategy. Forward-looking statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties regarding events, conditions and financial trends that may affect the Company's future plans of operation, business strategy, results of operations and financial position. A number of important factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those included within or contemplated by such forward-looking statements, including, but not limited to, operational and legal risks and liabilities under the Company's new SHOP segment; the Company's dependence on the ability of its third-party independent operators to successfully manage and operate the Company's SHOP communities; the Company's dependence on its operators for revenue and cash flow; government regulation of the health care industry; changes in federal, state, or local laws limiting REIT investments in the health care sector; federal and state health care cost containment measures including reductions in reimbursement from third-party payors such as Medicare and Medicaid; required regulatory approvals for operation of health care facilities; a failure to comply with applicable law or regulations for the operation of health care facilities; the adequacy of insurance coverage maintained by the Company's operators; the Company's reliance on a few major operators; the Company's ability to find suitable replacement operators for its SHOP communities; the Company's ability to renew leases or enter into favorable terms of renewals or new leases; the impact of inflation; operator financial or legal difficulties; the sufficiency of collateral securing mortgage loans; an impairment of the Company's real estate investments; the relative illiquidity of the Company's real estate investments; the Company's ability to develop and complete construction projects; the Company's ability to invest cash proceeds for health care properties; a failure to qualify as a REIT; the Company's ability to grow if access to capital is limited; and a failure to maintain or increase the Company's dividend. For a discussion of these and other factors that could cause actual results to differ from those contemplated in the forward-looking statements, please see the discussion under "Risk Factors" and other information contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2025, the Company's subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, and the Company's publicly available filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company does not undertake any responsibility to update or revise any of these factors or to announce publicly any revisions to forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Although the Company's management believes that the assumptions and expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, no assurance can be given that such expectations will prove to have been correct. The actual results achieved by the Company may differ materially from any forward-looking statements due to the risks and uncertainties of such statements.